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## Introduction

Vitamin A deficiency (VAD) affects about 127 million preschool children and nearly 20 million pregnant women, with 25-35% of cases reported in Africa (West, 2002).

VAD has been identified as a public health problem in Cameroon for decades (MINSANTE, 2001; Helen Keller International Cameroon, 2011; Engle-Stone, 2011).

In August 2011, the Government of Cameroon launched a mandatory program to fortify refined vegetable oil with vitamin A (Engle-Stone, 2017).

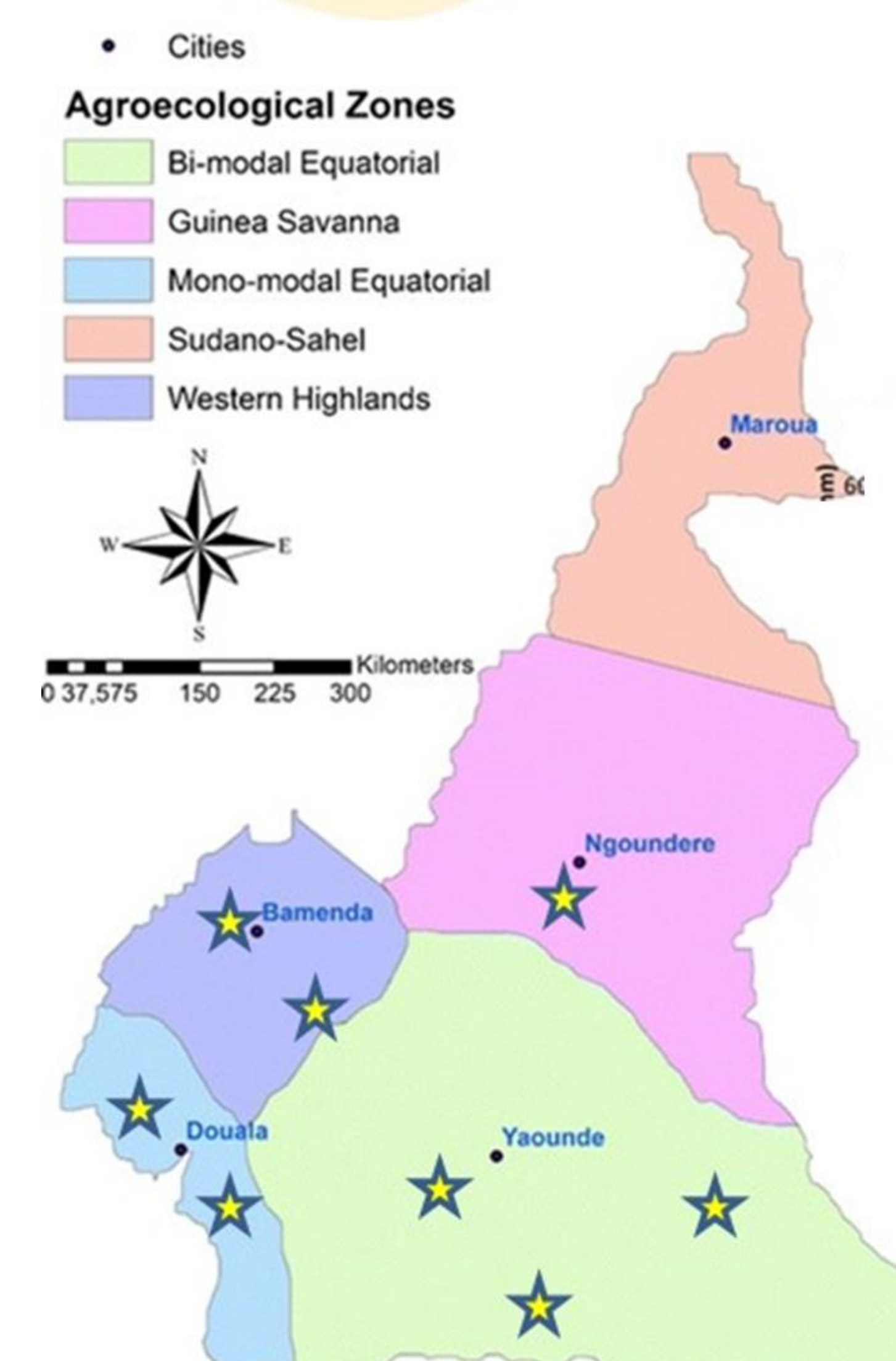
Biofortification of staple crop represents an effective and sustainable option to lessen Vitamin A deficiency among rural people (Nestel, 2006).

## Materials and methods

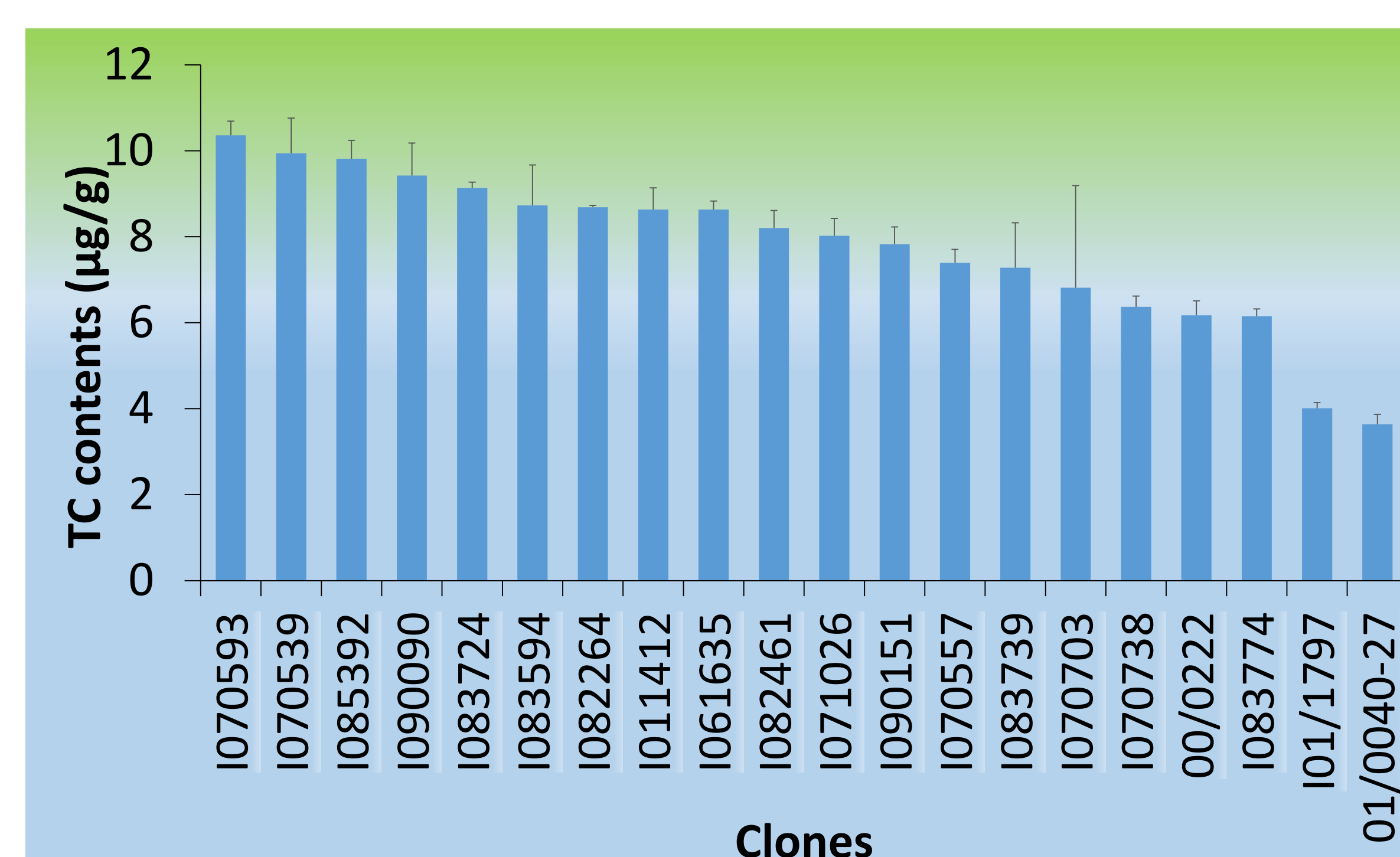
- Pest, disease, yield, dry matter and total carotenoid contents evaluated in several consecutive trials;
  - Regional trial with 17 yellow cassava varieties (2016): I090090, I082461, I070539, I083594, I083724, I083774, I085392, I070557, I011797, C010040-27, I082264, I061635, I070703, C011814-9, I070593, I011412, and I090151;
  - Advanced yield trial on station(2016);
  - Multilocation trial in 8 locations (2017);
- Processing ability into local fufu evaluated with CIRAD;
- Multiplication plots established.

## Results

- Good CMD scores (only 4 clones with mid CMD symptoms);
- Several varieties eliminated : poor yield, low dry matter, high % root rot;
- Good yield in Ekona, Bertoua (mid altitude), poor performance in Njombe (low altitude);
- Average TTC ranged from 10.36 µg/g to 3.51 µg/g;
- Good processing ability of two clones into local Fufu in east Cameroon;
- Three clones inserted in National catalogue in List C (need “DHS &VATE test” to move to list A);
- Open day organized with stakeholders with product from yellow cassava;
- 0.3 million cassava cuttings of I070593 produced and distributed by the ministry of agriculture.



**Figure 1.** Locations for yellow cassava testing in Cameroon



**Figure 2.** Average total carotenoids content in yellow cassava in Cameroon



**Figure 3.** Sun-drying of yellow cassava for fufu in east Cameroon (Photo by CIRAD)